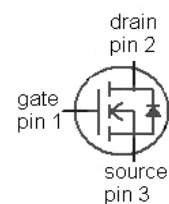
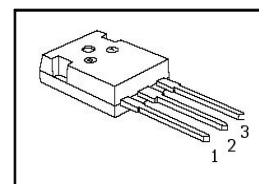


CoolMOS™ Power Transistor
Features

- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Intrinsic fast-recovery body diode
- Extremely low reverse recovery charge
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Qualified for industrial grade applications according to JEDEC¹⁾
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

Product Summary

V_{DS}	600	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.083	Ω
I_D	46	A

PG-TO247


Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPW47N60CFD	PG-TO247	Q67045A5051	47N60CFD

Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I_D	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	46	A
		$T_C=100\text{ °C}$	29	
Pulsed drain current ¹⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	115	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	$I_D=10\text{ A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	1800	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} ^{2),3)}	E_{AR}	$I_D=20\text{ A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	1	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} ^{2),3)}	I_{AR}		20	A
Drain source voltage slope	dv/dt	$I_D=46\text{ A}$, $V_{DS}=480\text{ V}$, $T_j=125\text{ °C}$	80	V/ns
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt	$I_S=46\text{ A}$, $V_{DS}=480\text{ V}$, $T_j=125\text{ °C}$	40	V/ns
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt		600	A/ μ s
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	static	± 20	V
		AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)	± 30	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	417	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j , T_{stg}		-55 ... 150	°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	0.3	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	leaded	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wave soldering	T_{sold}	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	°C

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_D=46\text{ A}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=2.9\text{ mA}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	6	-	μA
		$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	5000	-	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=29\text{ A}$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.07	0.083	Ω
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=29\text{ A}$, $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	0.15	-	
Gate resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{ MHz}$, open drain	-	0.62	-	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D=29\text{ A}$	-	30	-	S

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Dynamic characteristics

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=25\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	7700	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	2200	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	77	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁴⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$ to 480 V	-	245	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related ⁵⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	453	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=46\text{ A},$ $R_G=3.3\ \Omega$	-	30	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	30	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	100	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	15	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD}=480\text{ V}, I_D=46\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	54	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	130	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g		-	248	322	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	7.1	-	V

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV}=E_{AR} \cdot f$.

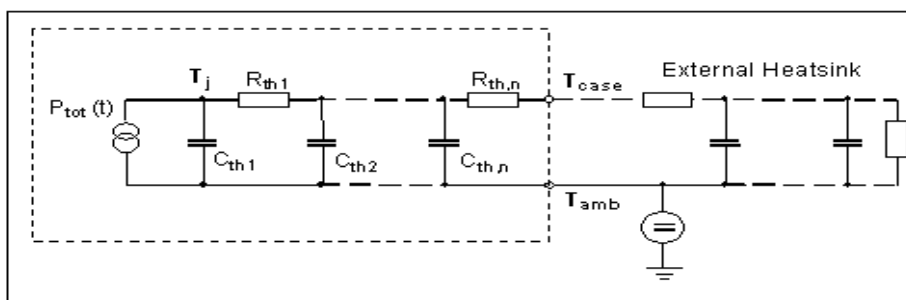
⁴⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁵⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Reverse Diode						
Diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	46	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	115	
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=46\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.0	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=480\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	210	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	2	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	18	-	A

Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

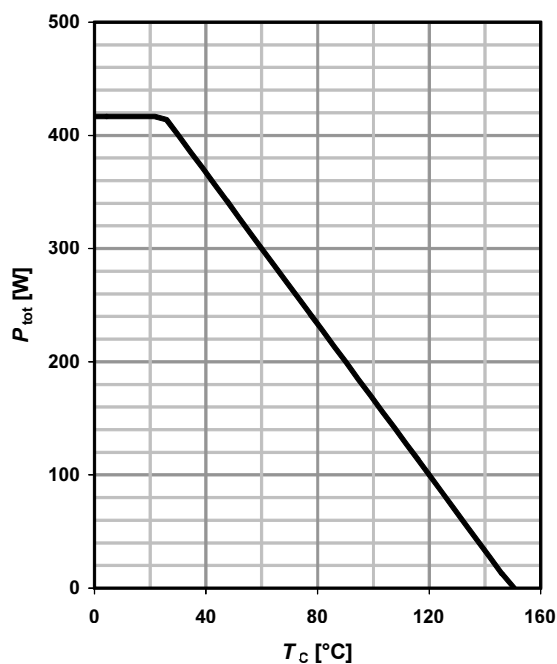
Symbol	Value	Unit	Symbol	Value	Unit
	typ.			typ.	
R_{th1}	0.00289	K/W	C_{th1}	0.000564	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.00399		C_{th2}	0.0034	
R_{th3}	0.0224		C_{th3}	0.0048	
R_{th4}	0.0421		C_{th4}	0.0273	
R_{th5}	0.0619		C_{th5}	0.149	
			C_{th6}	4.4 ⁵⁾	



⁵⁾ C_{th6} models the additional heat capacitance of the package in case of non-ideal cooling. It is not needed if $R_{thCA}=0\text{ K/W}$.

1 Power dissipation

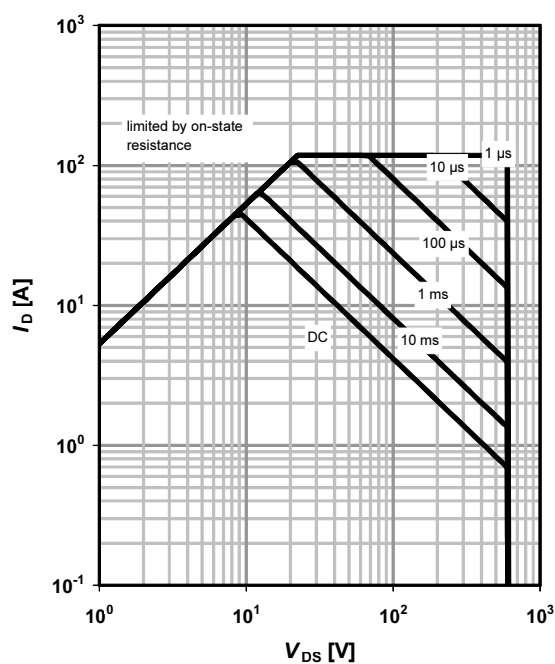
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}; D = 0$$

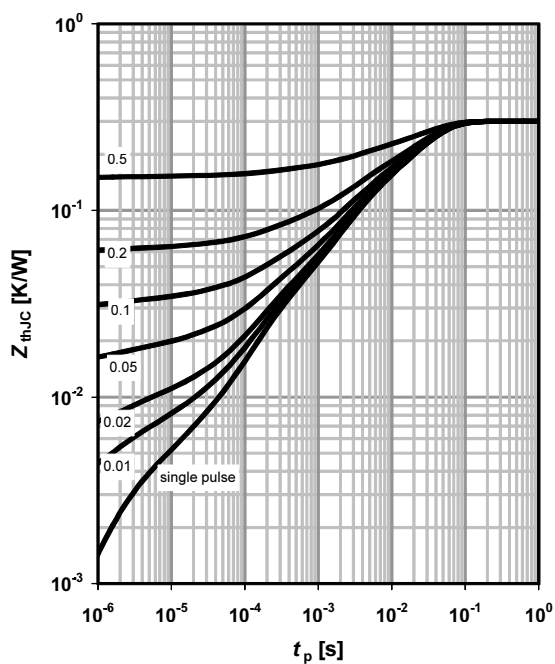
parameter: t_p



3 Max. transient thermal impedance

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

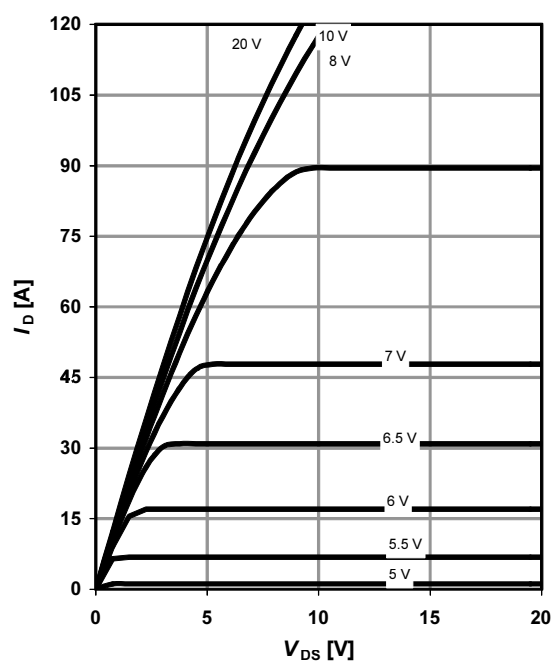
parameter: $D = t_p / T$



4 Typ. output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

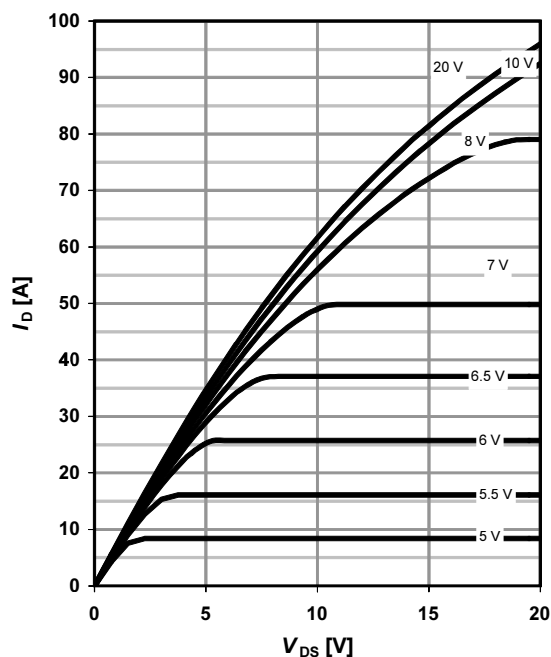
parameter: V_{GS}



5 Typ. output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

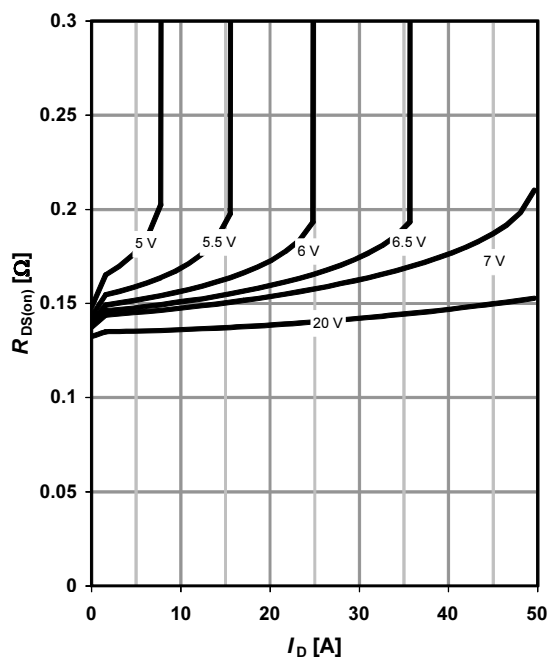
parameter: V_{GS}



6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

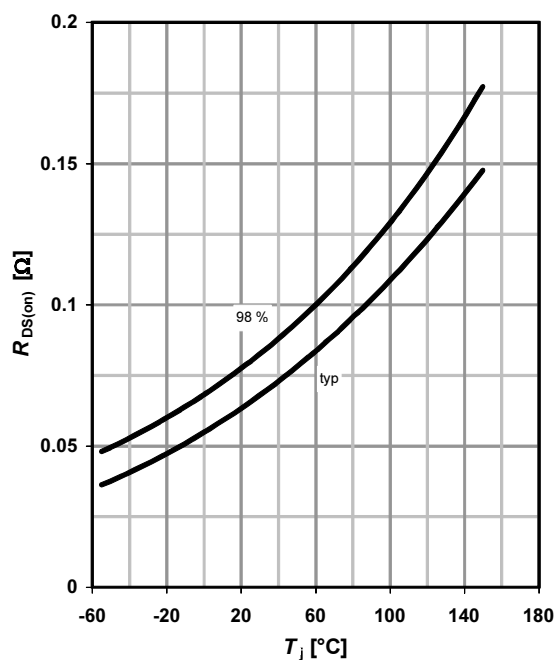
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: V_{GS}



7 Drain-source on-state resistance

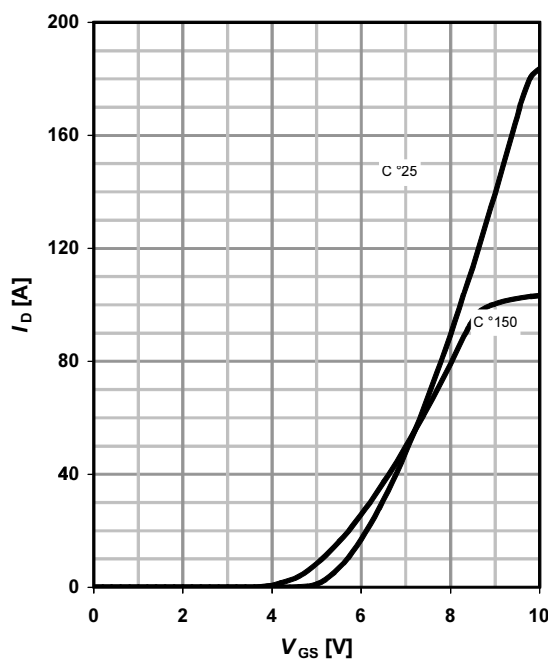
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 30\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$$



8 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)\text{max}}$$

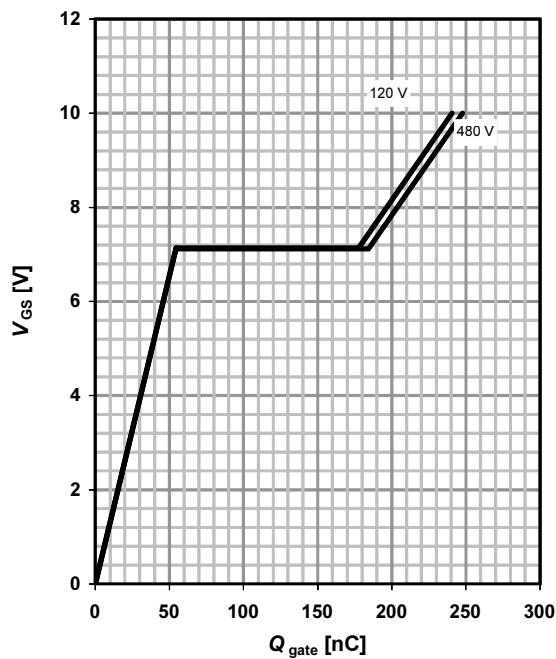
parameter: T_j



9 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=47 \text{ A pulsed}$$

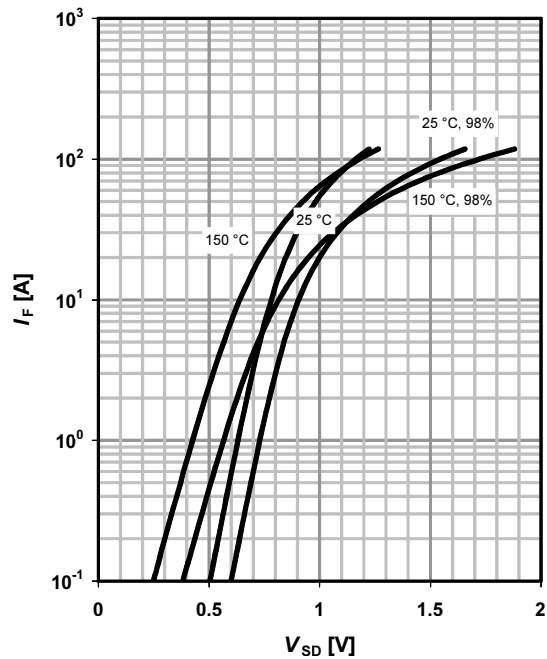
parameter: V_{DD}



10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$$I_F=f(V_{SD})$$

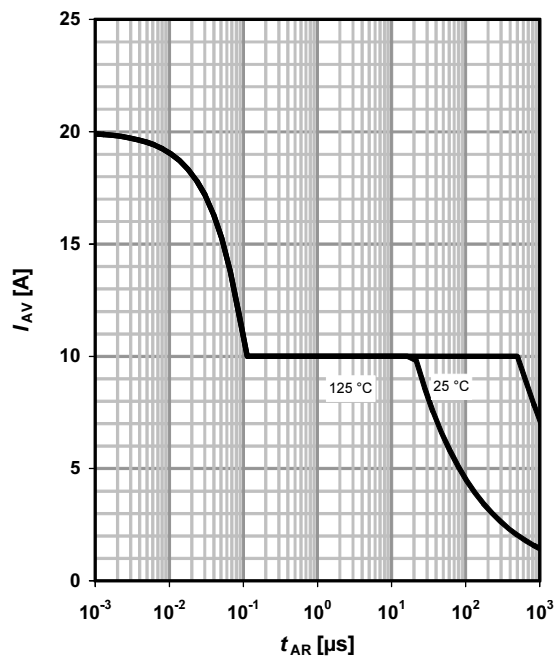
parameter: T_j



11 Avalanche SOA

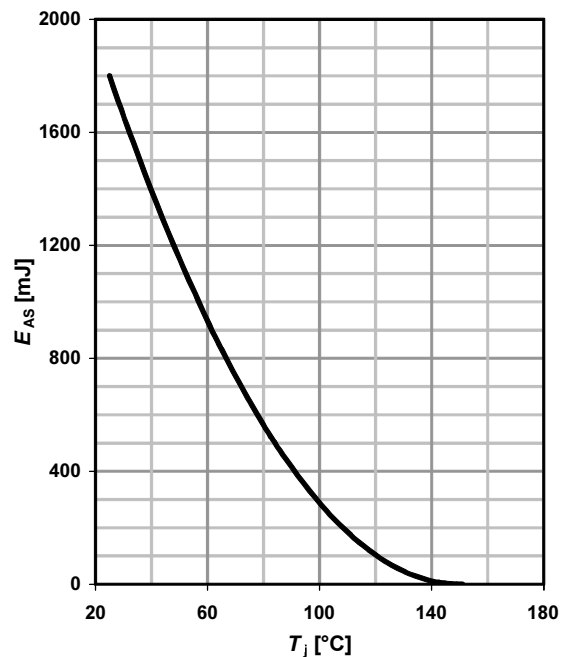
$$I_{AR}=f(t_{AR})$$

parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



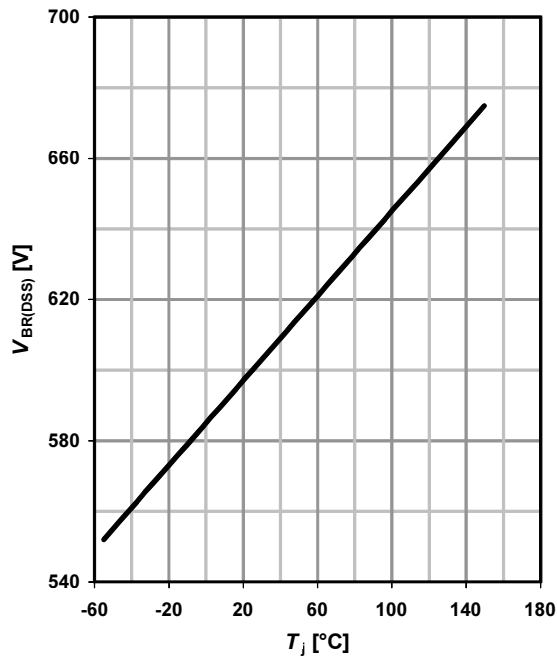
12 Avalanche energy

$$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=10 \text{ A}; V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}$$



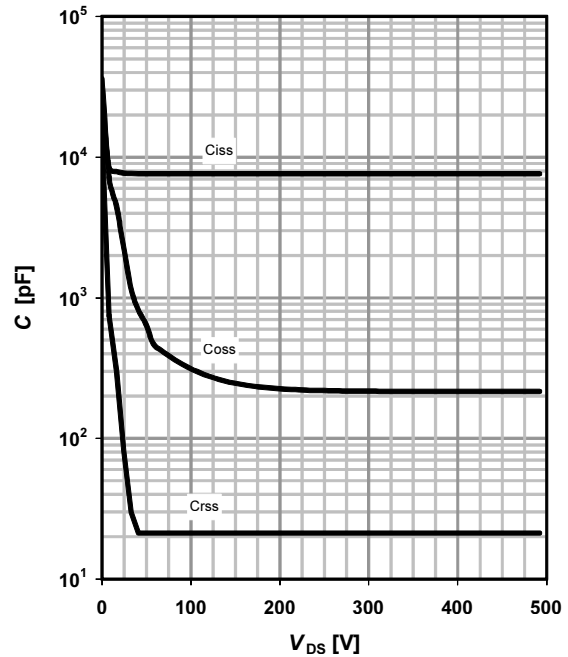
13 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j); I_D = 15 \text{ mA}$$



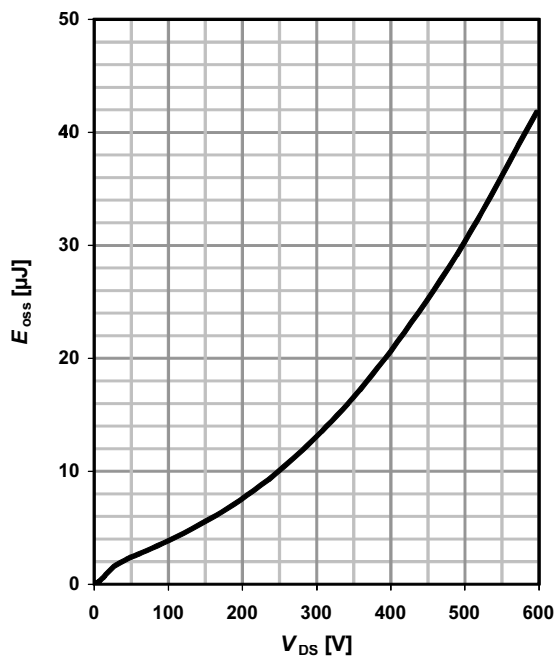
14 Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



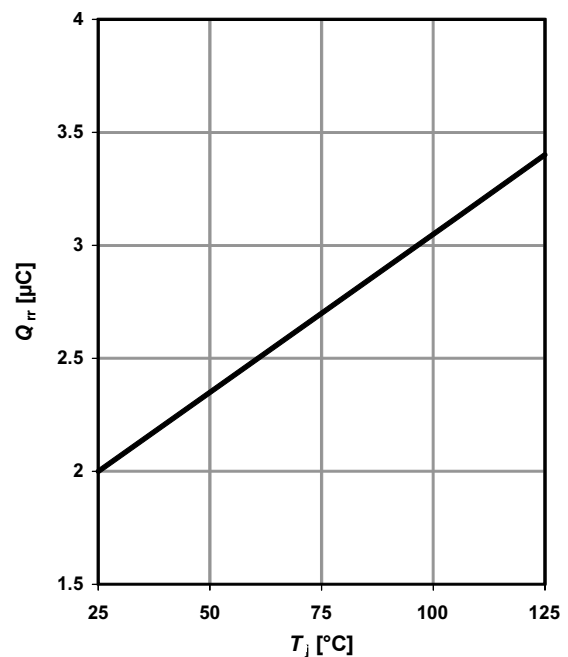
15 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



16 Typ. reverse recovery charge

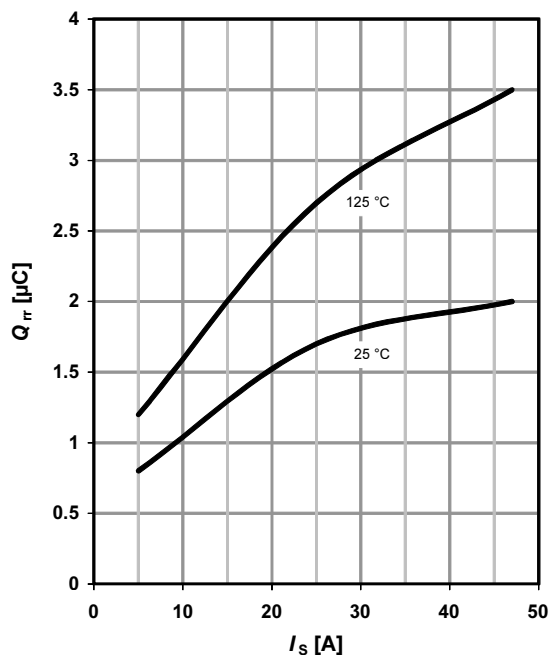
$$Q_{rr} = f(T_j); I_S = 47 \text{ A}; di/dt = 100 \text{ A/μs}$$



17 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_S); di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$$

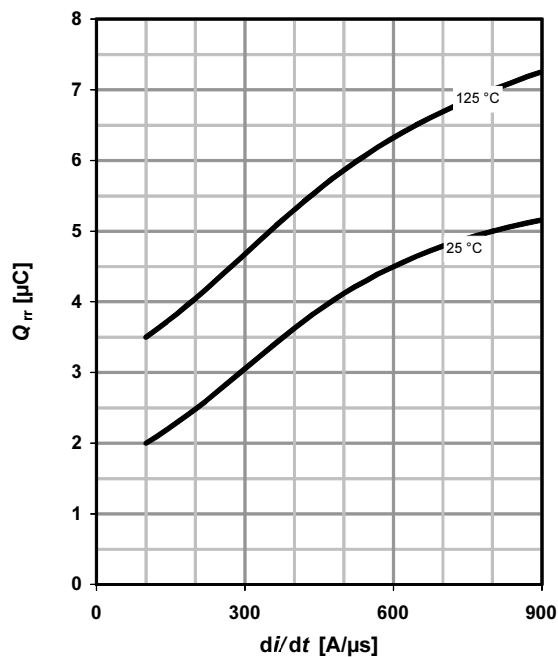
parameter: T_j

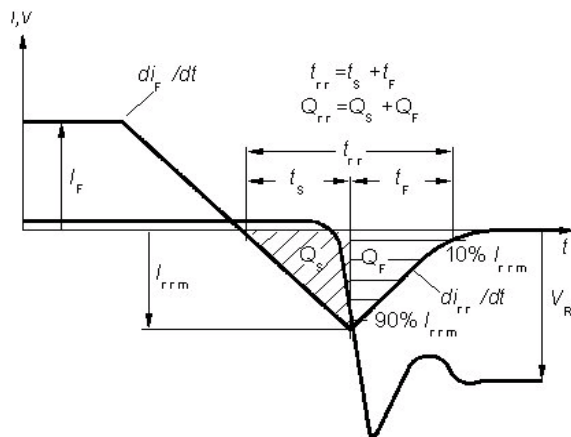


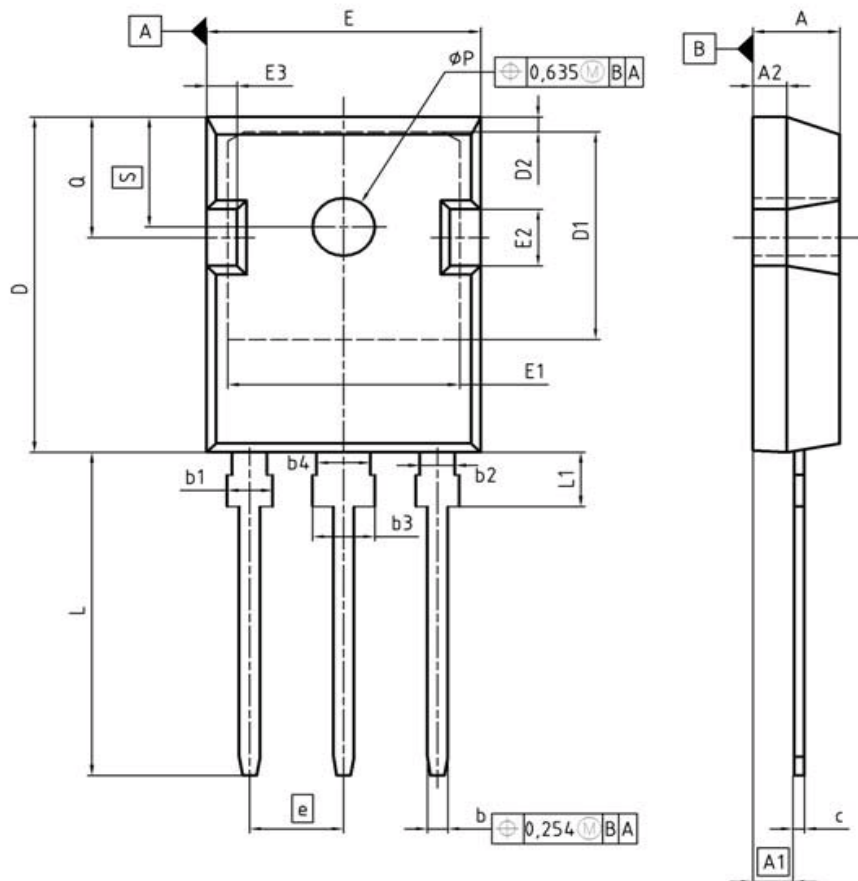
18 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$$Q_{rr} = f(di/dt); I_S = 47 \text{ A}$$

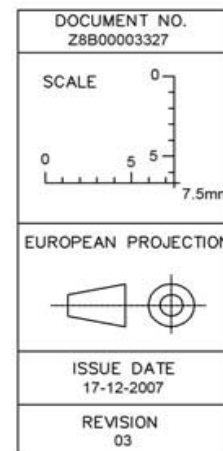
parameter: T_j



Definition of diode switching characteristics




DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.90	5.16	0.193	0.203
A1	2.27	2.53	0.089	0.099
A2	1.85	2.11	0.073	0.083
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.82	21.10	0.820	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053
E	15.70	16.03	0.618	0.631
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.68	2.60	0.066	0.102
e	5.44		0.214	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.31	0.780	0.799
L1	4.17	4.47	0.164	0.176
ϕP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248



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1 New package outlines TO-247

Assembly capacity extension for CoolMOSTM technology products assembled in lead-free package
PG-TO247-3 at subcontractor ASE (Weihai) Inc., China (Changes are marked in blue.)

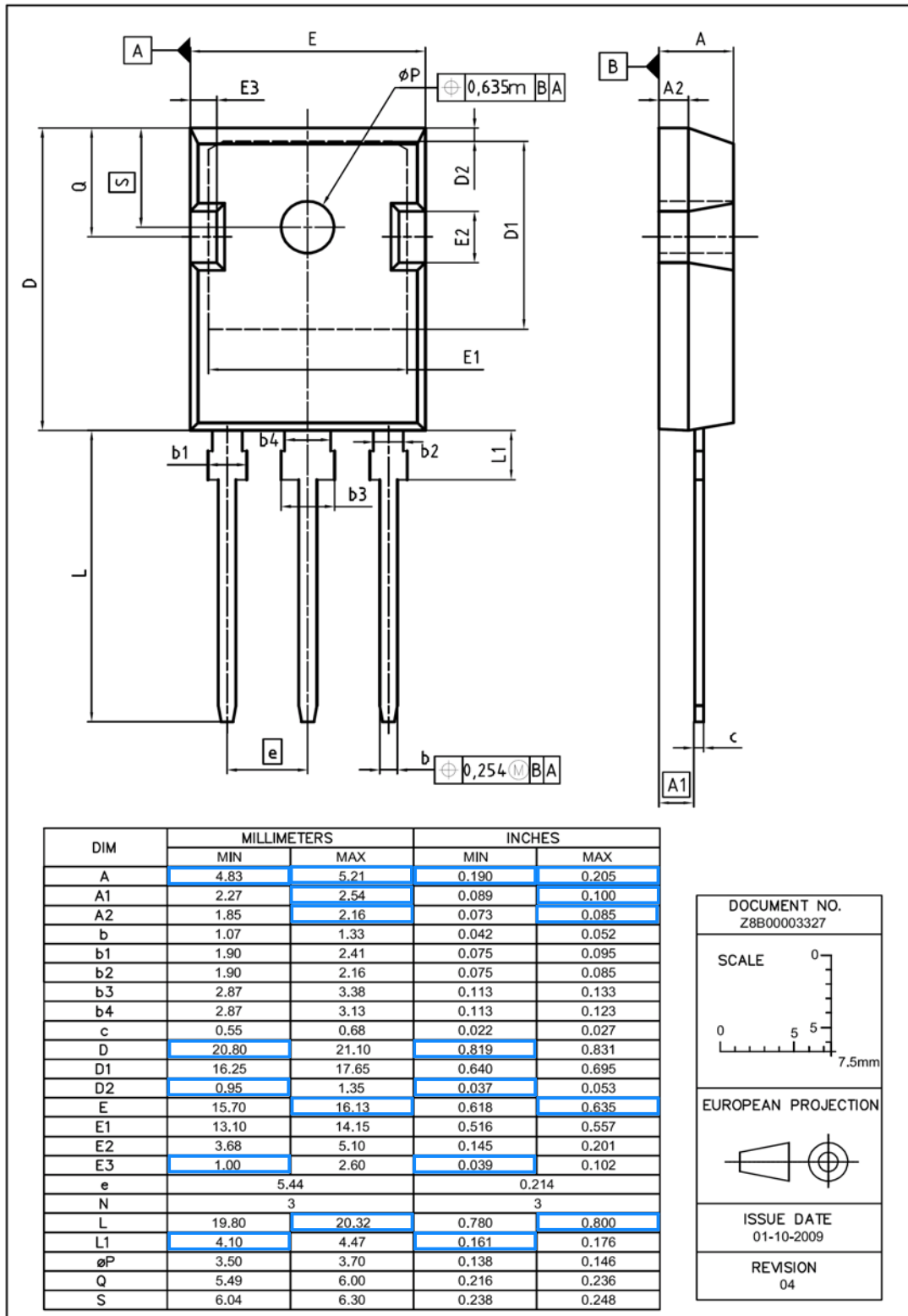


Figure 1 Outlines TO-247, dimensions in mm/inches