

- Designed for 318.0 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Surface-mount Ceramic Case
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Tape and Reel Standard per ANSI/EIA481

The RO3118A is a one-port surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator packaged in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 318.0 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation (See: Typical Test Circuit)	+0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum)	260	°C



RO3118A

RoHS

Compliant



Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f _C		317.925		318.075	MHz
	Tolerance from 318.0 MHz	Δf_{C}				±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL			1.5	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U			12000		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	QL			2000		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	Т _О		10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A			≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals				1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M			19.8		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			118		μH
	Motional Capacitance	CM			2.1		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	CO			2.9		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}			79		nH
Lid Symbolization (YY - Year, WW = Week, S = Shift))				661,	YYWWS	•	•

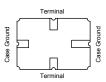


CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.
NOTES:

- 1. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
- 2. US or International patents may apply.
- 3. RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

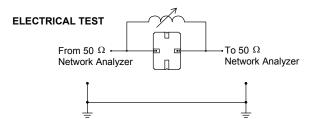
Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

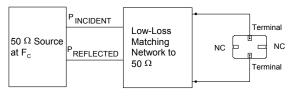


Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_O, at F_C.



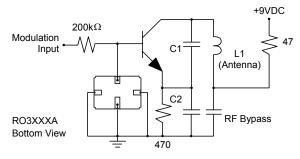
POWER TEST



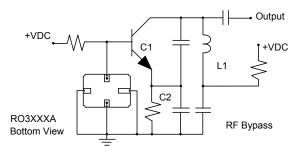
CW RF Power Dissipation = PINCIDENT - P REFLECTED

Typical Application Circuits

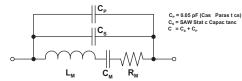
Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



Typical Local Oscillator Applications



Equivalent RLC Model

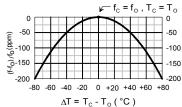


-C

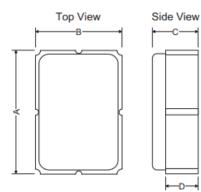
-D

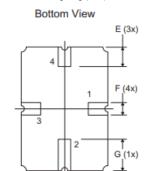
Temperature Characteristics

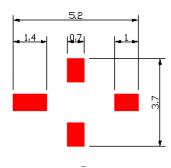
The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



Case







PCB Footprint

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
A	4.87	5.00	5.13	0.191	0.196	0.201	
В	3.37	3.50	3.63	0.132	0.137	0.142	
С	1.45	1.53	1.60	0.057	0.060	0.062	
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	0.040	0.057	0.059	
E	0.67	0.80	0.93	0.026	0.031	0.036	
F	0.37	0.50	0.63	0.014	0.019	0.024	
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	0.042	0.047	0.052	

Recommended Reflow Profile

- 1. Preheating shall be fixed at 150~180° for 60~90 seconds.
- 2. Ascending time to preheating temperature 150° shall be 30 seconds min.
- 3. Heating shall be fixed at 220°C for 50~80 seconds and at 260°C peak (10 seconds.)
- 4. Time: 5 times maximum

