

3-MODES/ 3W WLED DRIVER WITH 1 OR 2 CELL BATTERY

Description

The PAM2805 is a step-up DC-DC WLED driver with 3 modes cycling function (100% brightness, 25% brightness and 8.5Hz blinking).

The unique 3 modes cycling function can eliminate the needs of extra functional MCU or IC.

The PAM2805 can deliver up to 750mA output current by setting an external resistor.

The PAM2805 switches at a 1.0MHz constant frequency, allowing for the use of small value external inductor and ceramic capacitors.

A low 95mV feedback voltage reduces the power loss in the R_S for better efficiency. With its internal 2A, 100m Ω device can provide high efficiency even at heavy load.

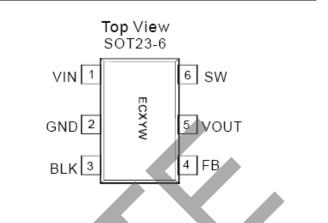
The PAM2805 is available in SOT23-6 package.

Features

- 3 Modes Cycling Function:

 Power Off
 Power Off
 S
 Bright
 Dimming
 S
 Blinking –
- Reset to Bright Mode if Power Off time More Than 5S
- Adjustable Output Current: Up to 750mA
- 8.5Hz Blinking Mode
- Low Start-Up Voltage: 0.9V(typ)
- Low SW on Resistance: 100mΩ
- Over Temperature Protection
- Over Voltage Protection
- SOT23-6 Package
- Pb-Free Package

Pin Assignments

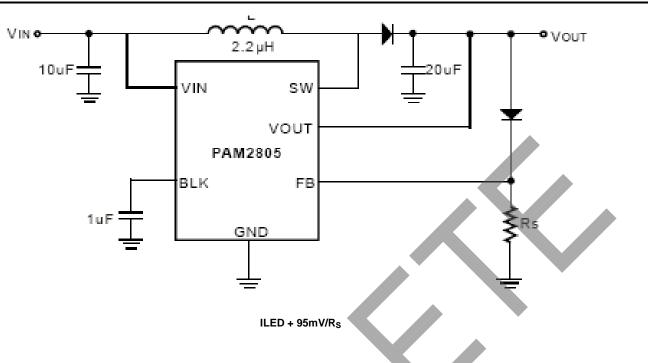


Applications

White LED Torch (Flashlight)



Typical Applications Circuit

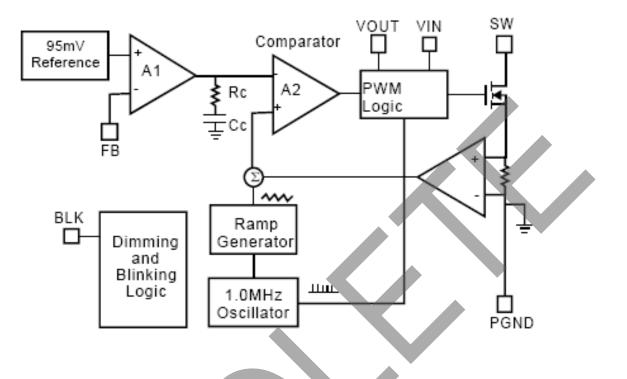


Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	VIN	Input Voltage
2	GND	Power Ground
3	BLK	Connect a 1µF CAP for Blinking
4	FB	Feedback
5	VOUT	Output Voltage
6	SW	Connected to an Internal NMOS Switch



Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged time periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are with respect to ground.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	6	V
Output Voltage	6	V
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 5s)	+300	e

Recommended Operating Conditions (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter		Rating	Unit
Operation Temperature Range		-40 to +85	ŝ
Junction Temperature Range		-40 to +125	6



Thermal Information

Parameter	Symbol	Package	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	θ _{JC}	SOT23-6	130	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	θ _{JA}	SOT23-6	250	C/VV
Internal Power Dissipation @ T _A =+25°C	PD	SOT23-6	400	mW

Electrical Characteristics

 $(@T_A = +25^{\circ}C, L = 2.2\mu H, C_{IN} = 10\mu F, C_{OUT} = 10\mu F, C_{BLK} = 1\mu F, V_F = 3.4V$ unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	-	0.9	-	V _F -0.2 (Note 1)	V
Feedback Voltage	V _{FB}	-	90	95	100	mV
Start-Up Voltage	VSTART	V_{IN} : 0V \rightarrow 3V, I_{LED} = 200mA	-	0.9	-	V
Hold Voltage	V _{HOLD}	V_{IN} : $3V \rightarrow 0V$, I_{LED} : 750mA \rightarrow 100mA	-	0.7	-	V
Oscillator Frequency	fosc	-	0.85	1.0	1.15	MHz
Over Temperature Shutdown	OTS	-		+150	-	°C
Over Temperature Hysteresis	OTH	-	-	+30	-	°C
Maximum Output Current Range	I _{O(MAX)}	V _{IN} = 2.4V	750	-	-	mA
Quiescent Current	ΙQ	$I_{LED} = 0$ mA, VO = 3.4V, Device Switching at 1MHz	-	1	3	mA
Switch On Resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	$V_{O} = 3.4V$	-	0.1	-	Ω
Current Limit	ILIM	V _O = 3.4V	2	-	-	А
Over Voltage Protection (VOUT) Vovi		-	-	4.5	-	V
Blinking Frequency	F _{BLK}	C _{BLK} = 1µF	-	8.5	10	Hz

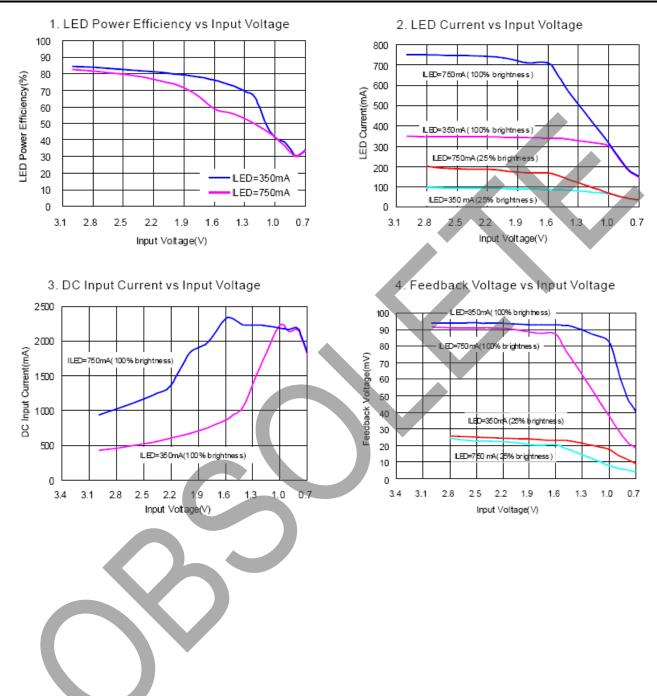
Note: 1. V_F -LED forward voltage.





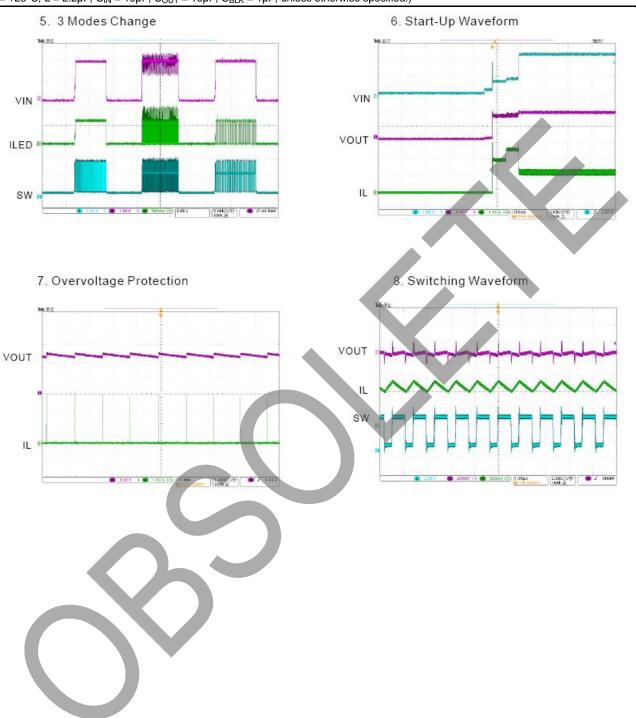
Typical Performance Characteristics

(@T_A = +25°C, L = 2.2 μ F, C_{IN} = 10 μ F, C_{OUT} = 10 μ F, C_{BLK} = 1 μ F, unless otherwise specified.)





Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.) (@T_A = +25°C, L = 2.2μ F, C_{IN} = 10μ F, C_{OUT} = 10μ F, C_{BLK} = 1μ F, unless otherwise specified.)





Application Information

Inductor Selection

The PAM2805 can use small value inductors due to its switching frequency of 1 MHz. The value of inductor will focus in the range of 2.2µH to 4.7µH for most PAM2805 applications. In typical high current white LED applications, it is recommended to use a 4.7µH inductor. The inductor should have low DCR (DC resistance) to minimize the I²R power loss, and it requires a current rating of 2A to handle the peak inductor current without saturating.

Capacitor Selection

An input capacitor is required to reduce the input ripple and noise for proper operation of the PAM2805. For good input decoupling, Low ESR (equivalent series resistance) capacitors should be used at the input. At least 2.2µF input capacitor is recommended for most applications.

A minimum output capacitor value of 6.8μ F is recommended under normal operating conditions, while a 10μ F- 22μ F capacitor may be required for higher power LED current. A reasonable value of the output capacitor depends on the LED current. The ESR of the output capacitor is the important parameter to determine the output voltage ripple of the converter, so low ESR capacitors should be used at the output to reduce the output voltage ripple. The small size of ceramic capacitors is an excellent choice for PAM2805 applications. The X5R and X7R types are preferred because they maintain capacitance over wide voltage and temperature ranges.

Diode Selection

It's indispensable to use a Schottky diode rated at 2A with the PAM2805. Using a Schottky diode with a lower forward voltage drop is better to improve the power LED efficiency, and its voltage rating should be greater than the output voltage. SS22 is recommended Schottky diode for rectifier.

LED Current Setting

The LED current is set by the single external Rs resistor connected to the FB pin as shown in the typical application circuit on Page 1. The typical FB reference is internally regulated to 95mV. The LED current is 95mV/R1. It's recommended to use a 1% or better precision resistor for the better LED current accuracy. The formula for R_S selection is shown as follows:

 $R_{S}(\Omega) = 95 \text{mV} / I_{LED}(\text{mA}) \text{at } V_{IN} = 3 \text{V}$

Typically, for 1W (330mA) and 3W (750mA) LED light applications, the Rs are 0.288Ω and 0.127Ω respectively.

3 Modes Cycling

The PAM2805 has three modes: 100% brightness, 25% brightness and blinking (typical 8.5Hz).

The mode change is triggered by power on/off actions and cycles in the following sequence: bright, dimming, blinking and back to bright mode.

The PAM2805 will reset to the bright mode after being power off for more than 5 seconds.

Low Voltage Start-Up and Soft-Start

The PAM2805 has a build-in low voltage startup circuit for the best battery life solution. It can start up at 0.9V V_{IN} typically when the preset LED current is 200mA.

The soft-start function is made by clamping the output voltage of error amplifier with another voltage source which increases slowly from zero to near V_{IN} during the soft-start period. Therefore, the duty cycle of the PWM will be increased from zero to maximum in this period. The charging time of the inductor will be limited by the smaller duty so that the inrush current can be reduced to an acceptable value.

Over Voltage Protection

The output voltage of PAM2805 is monitored by Over Voltage Protection circuit. Once V_{OUT} goes over V_{OVP} , typically 4.5V, the power NMOS is turned off and SW pin stops switching. Then, the V_{OUT} is clamped to around V_{OVP} .

Over Current Protection

The inductor current during charging period is detected by a current sensing circuit. When the value is larger than current limiting I_{LIM} , the power NMOS is turned off so that the inductor will be forced to leave charging stage and enter discharging stage. Therefore, the inductor peak current will not exceed I_{LIM} , whose minimum value is 2A.

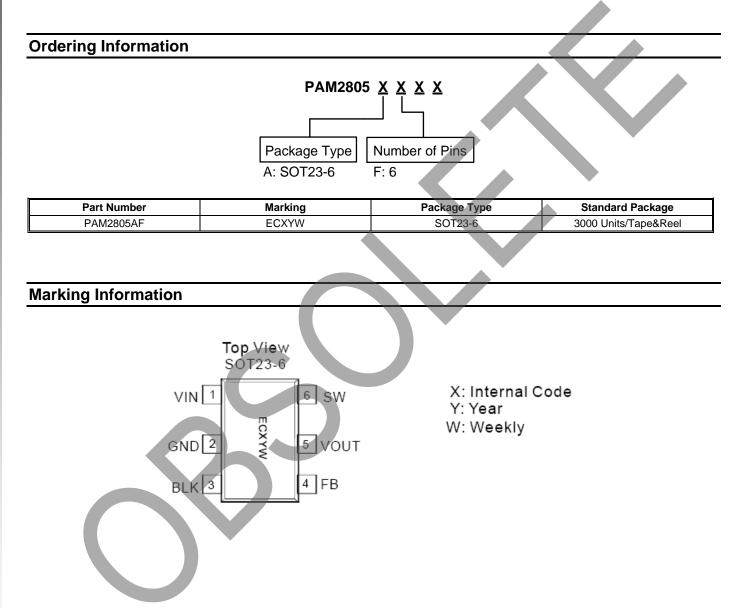


Application Information

PCB Layout Guidelines

As for all switching power supplies, the layout and components placement of the PAM2805 is an important step in the design; especially at high peak currents and high switching frequencies.

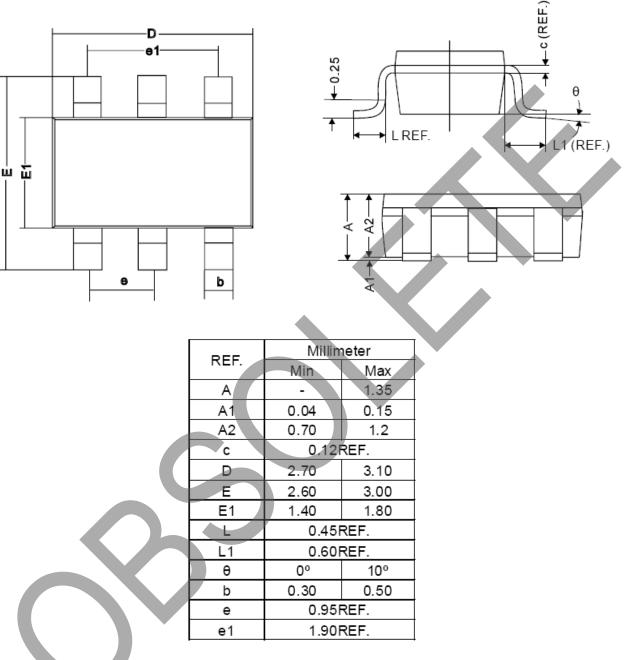
The input capacitor and output capacitor should be placed respectively as close as possible to the input pin and output pin of the IC; the inductor and Schottky diode should be placed as close as possible to the switch pin by using wide and short traces for the main current path; the current sense resistor should be placed as close as possible between the ground pin and feedback pin.





Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

(1) Package Name: SOT23-6





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