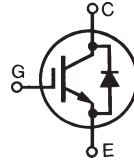


1200V XPT™ IGBT GenX3™ w/ Diode

IXYT20N120C3D1HV

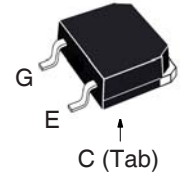
$V_{CES} = 1200V$
 $I_{C110} = 17A$
 $V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.4V$
 $t_{fi(typ)} = 108ns$

High-Speed IGBT
for 20-50 kHz Switching



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	1200	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	1200	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	36	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	17	A
I_{F110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	20	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	88	A
I_A	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	10	A
E_{AS}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	400	mJ
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 40$ $@V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	230	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ C$
T_{SOLD}	1.6 mm (0.062in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
Weight		4	g

TO-268HV



G = Gate C = Collector
 E = Emitter Tab = Collector

Features

- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Positive Thermal Coefficient of $V_{ce(sat)}$
- High Voltage Package
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- Avalanche Rated

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

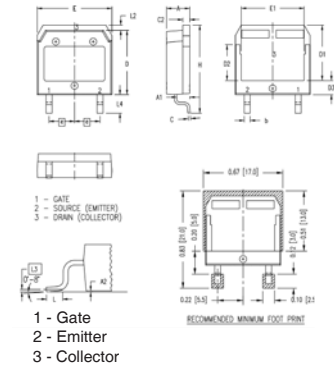
Applications

- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	1200		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			25 μA 350 μA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		4.0	3.4 V V

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 20A, V_{CE} = 10V$, Note 1	7.0	11.5	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$		1110	pF
C_{oes}			120	pF
C_{res}			27	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		53	nC
Q_{ge}			9	nC
Q_{gc}			22	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ C$ $I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		20	ns
t_{ri}			29	ns
E_{on}			1.3	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			90	ns
t_{fi}			108	ns
E_{off}			0.5	1.0 mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ C$ $I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		20	ns
t_{ri}			40	ns
E_{on}			3.7	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			115	ns
t_{fi}			105	ns
E_{off}			0.7	mJ
R_{thJC}				0.54 °C/W

TO-268HV Outline



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
A1	2.70	2.90	0.106	0.114
A2	0.02	0.25	0.001	0.100
b	1.15	1.45	0.045	0.057
C	0.40	0.65	0.016	0.026
C 2	1.45	1.60	0.057	0.063
D	13.80	14.00	0.543	0.551
D1	11.80	12.10	0.465	0.476
D2	7.50	7.80	0.295	0.307
D3	2.90	3.20	0.114	0.126
E	15.85	16.05	0.624	0.632
E1	13.30	13.60	0.524	0.535
e	5.45 BSC		0.215 BSC	
H	18.70	19.10	0.736	0.752
L	1.70	2.00	0.067	0.079
L2	1.00	1.15	0.039	0.045
L3	0.25 BSC		0.010 BSC	
L4	3.80	4.10	0.150	0.161

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Value		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V$, Note 1			3.00 V
		$T_J = 150^\circ C$	1.75	V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 30A, V_{GE} = 0V, -di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s, V_R = 600V$	$T_J = 100^\circ C$		9 A
t_{rr}		$T_J = 100^\circ C$	195	ns
R_{thJC}				0.90 °C/W

Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu s$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher V_{CE} (clamp), T_J or R_G .

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

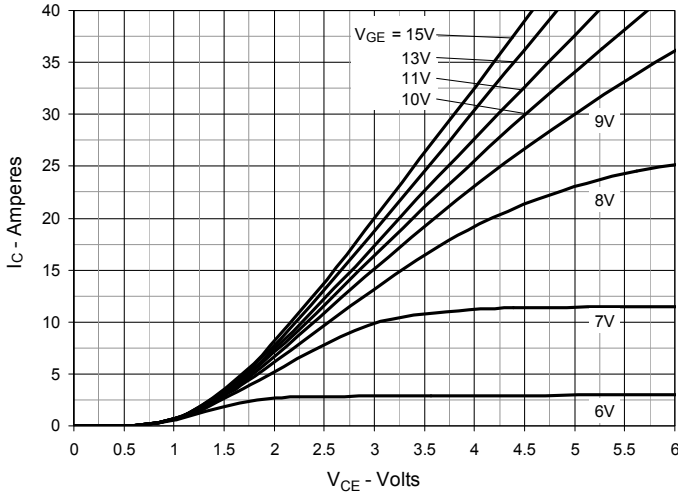


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

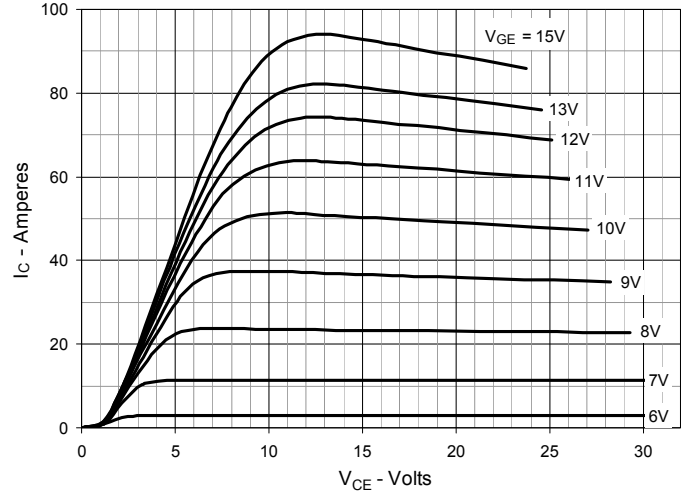


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

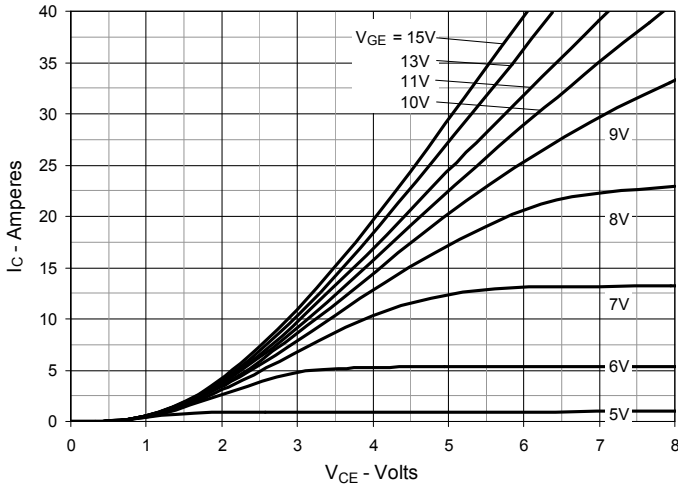


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

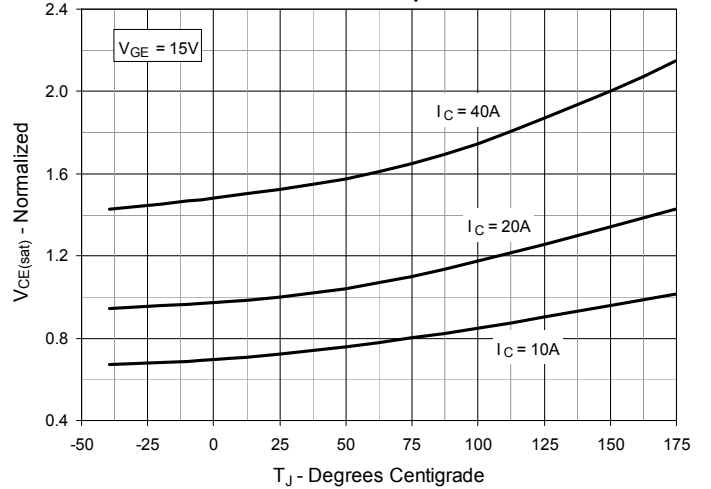


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

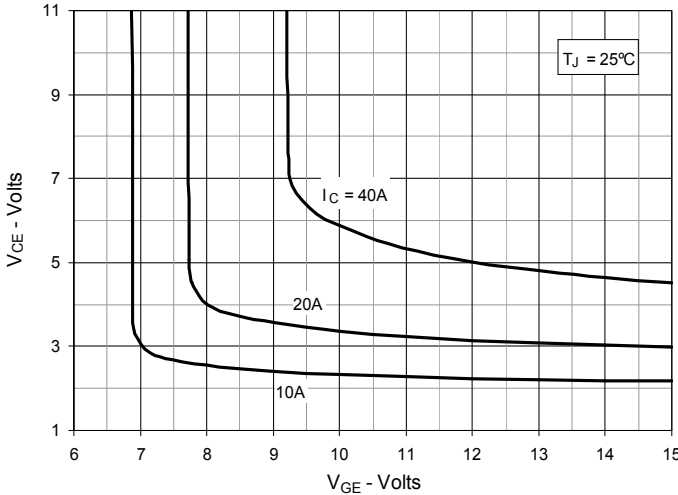


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

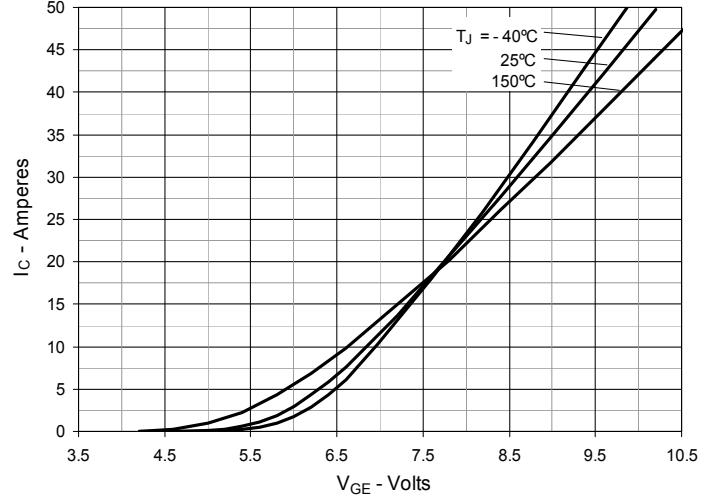


Fig. 7. Transconductance

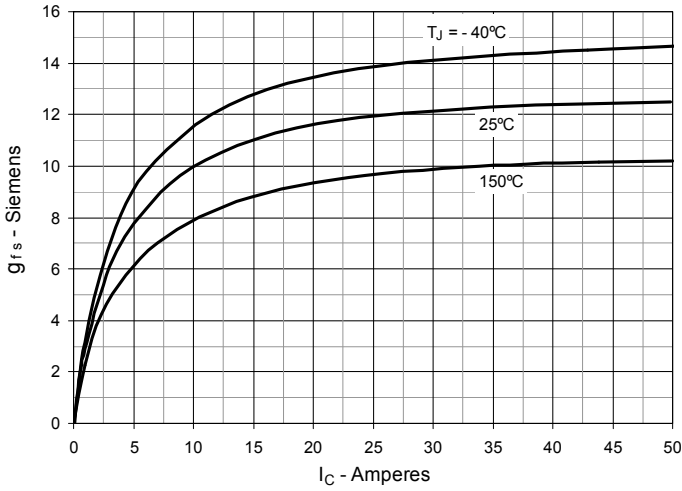


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

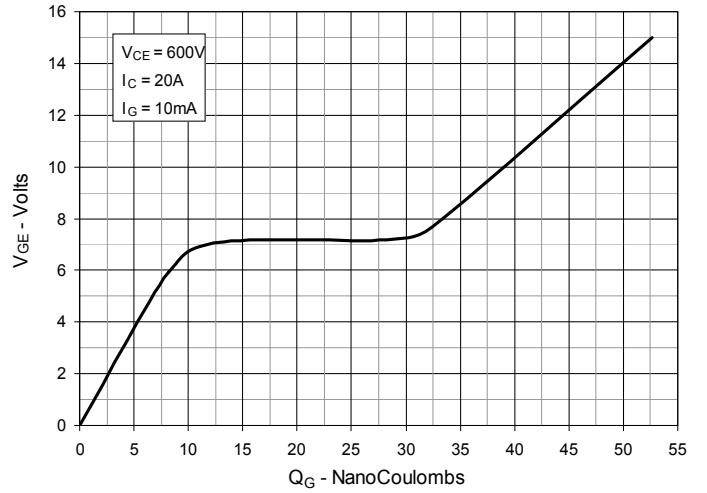


Fig. 9. Capacitance

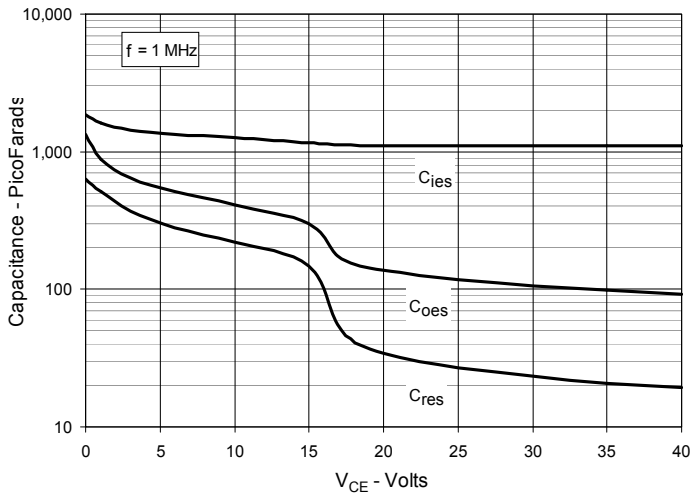


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

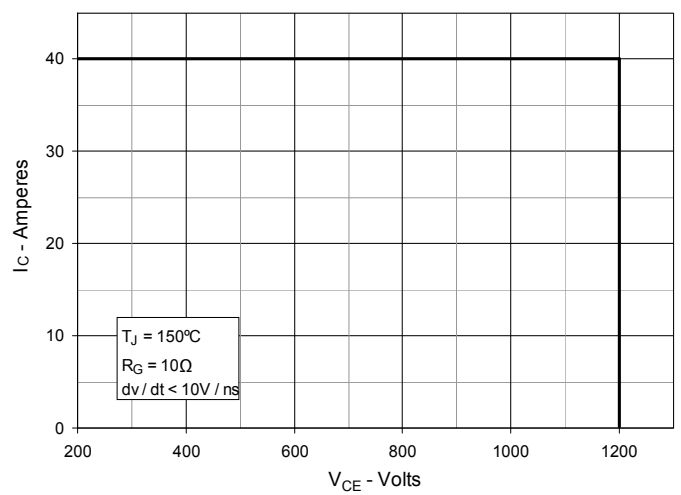


Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (IGBT)

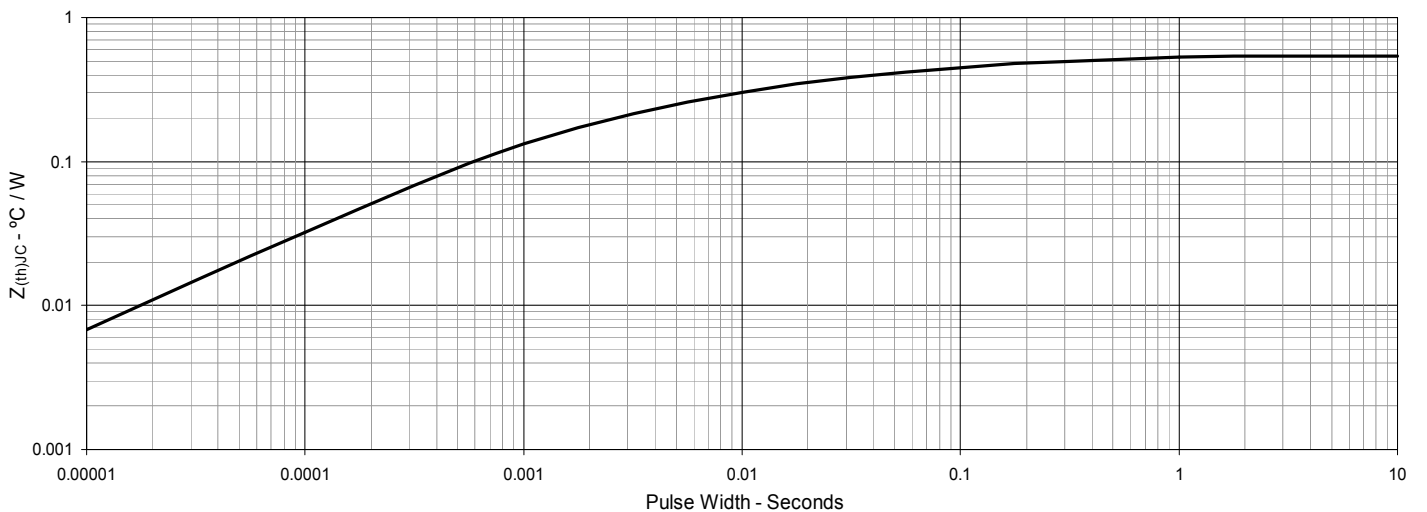


Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

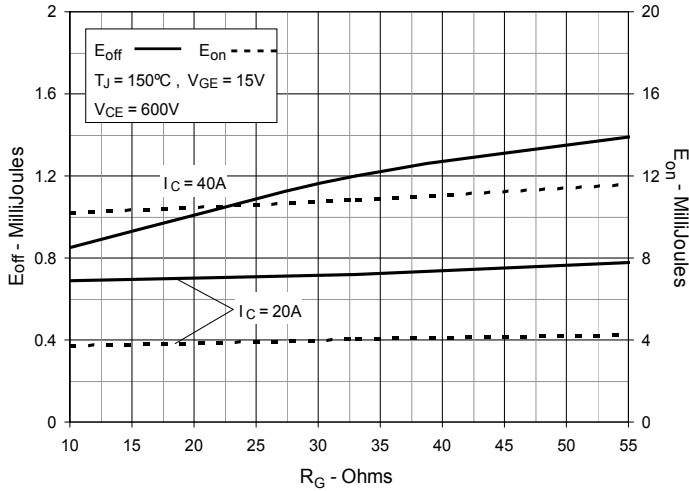


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

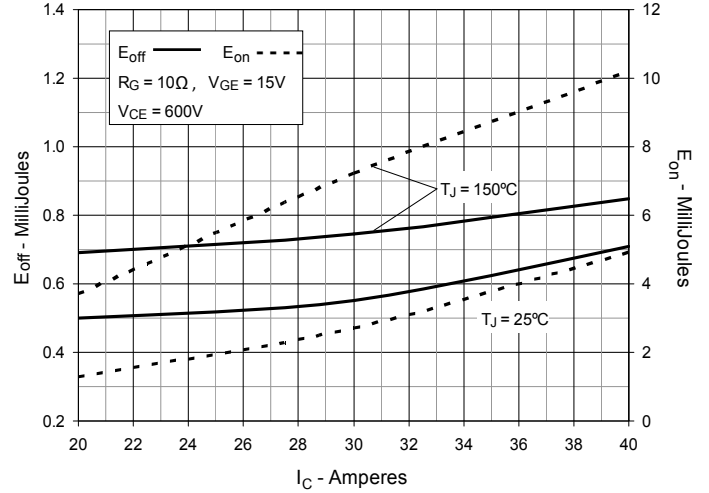


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

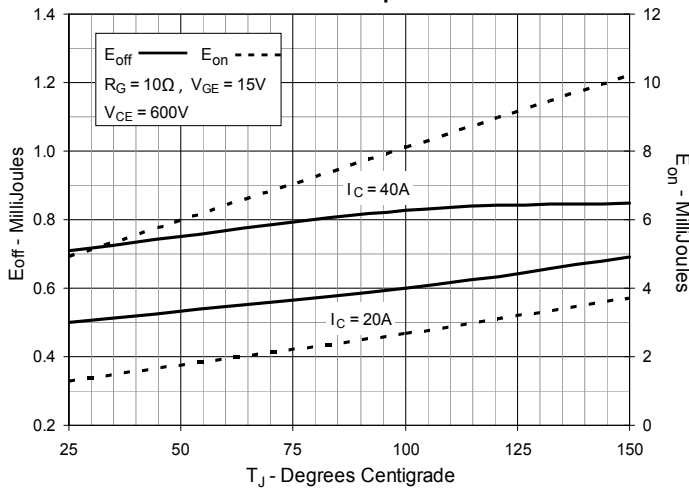


Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

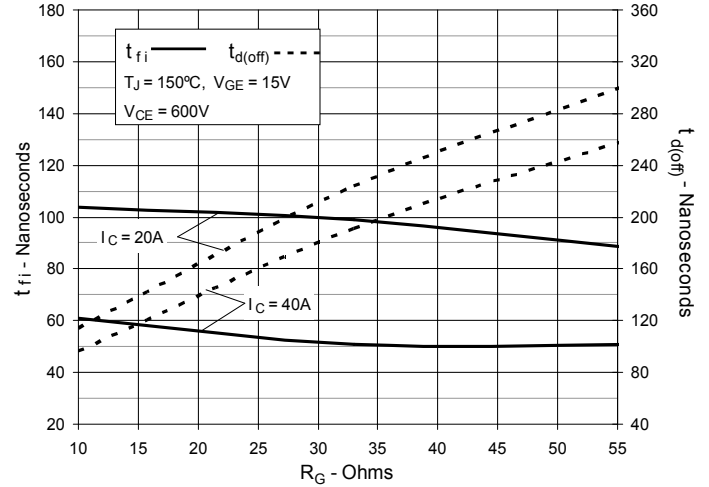


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

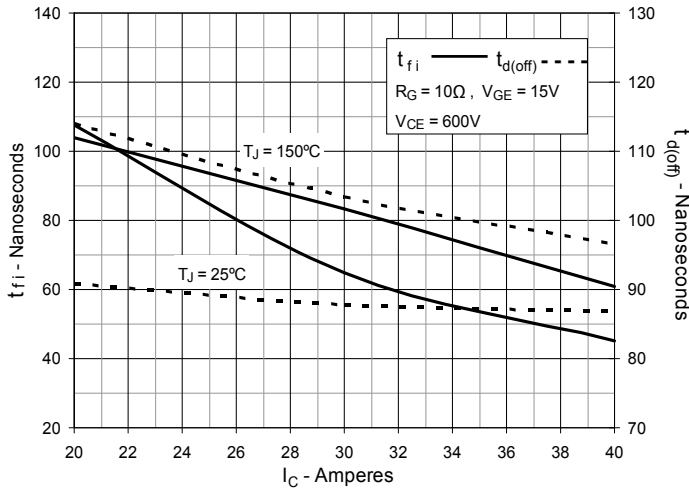


Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

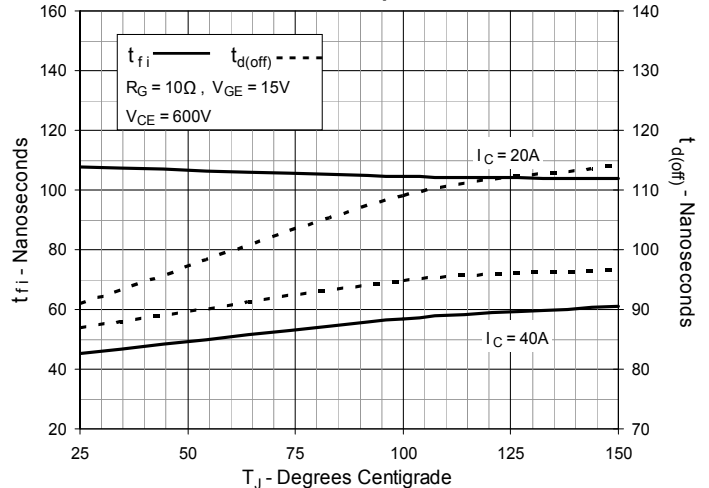


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

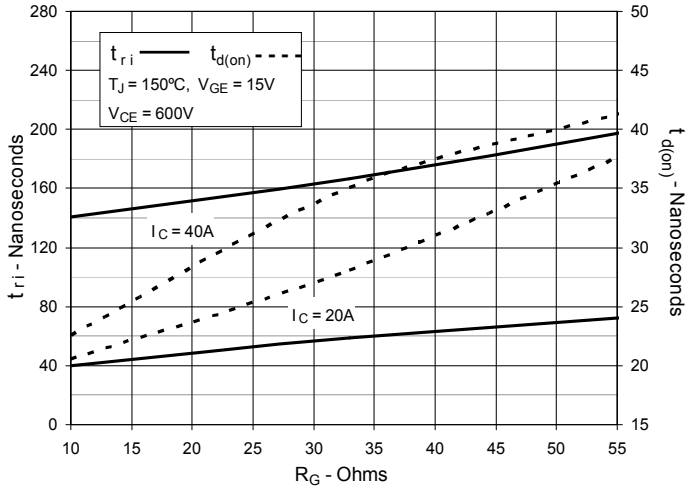


Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

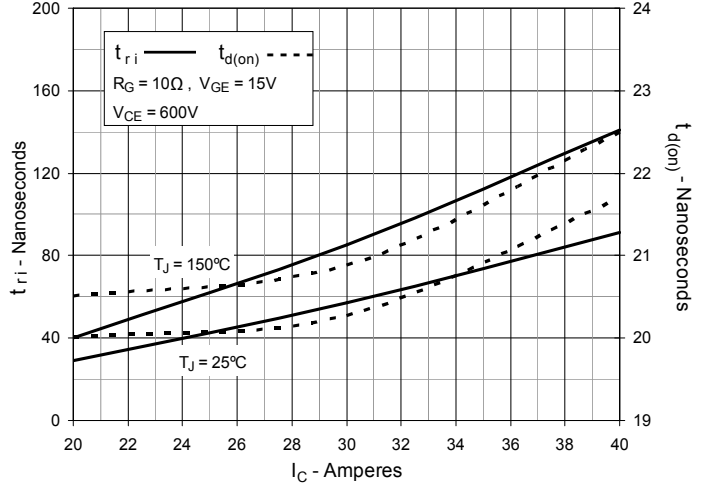


Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

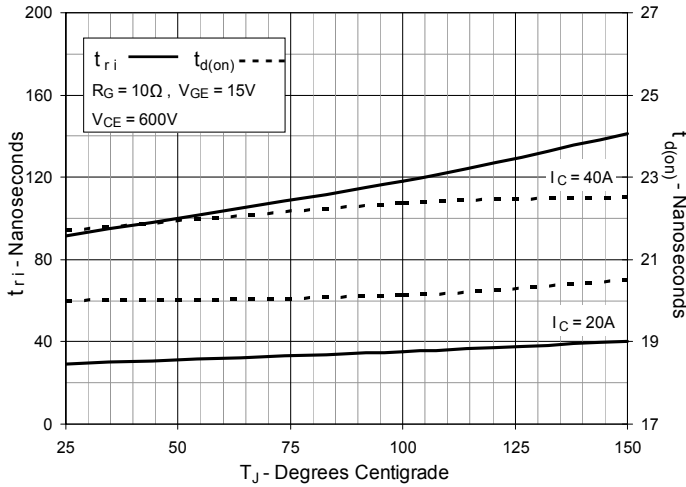


Fig. 21. Maximum Peak Load Current vs. Frequency

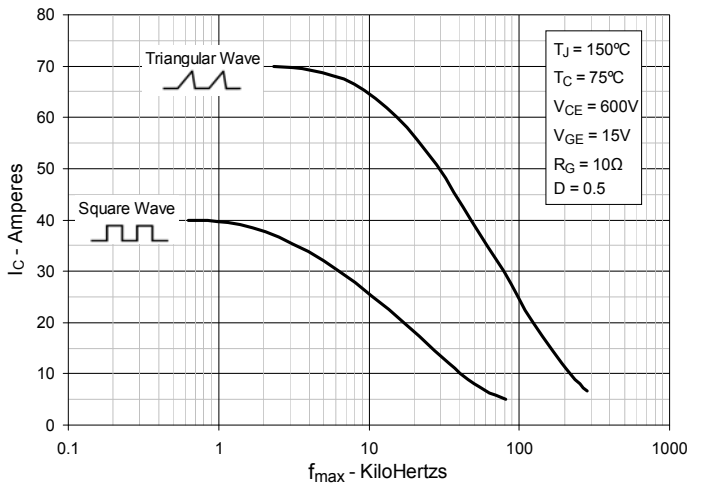


Fig. 22 . Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Diode)

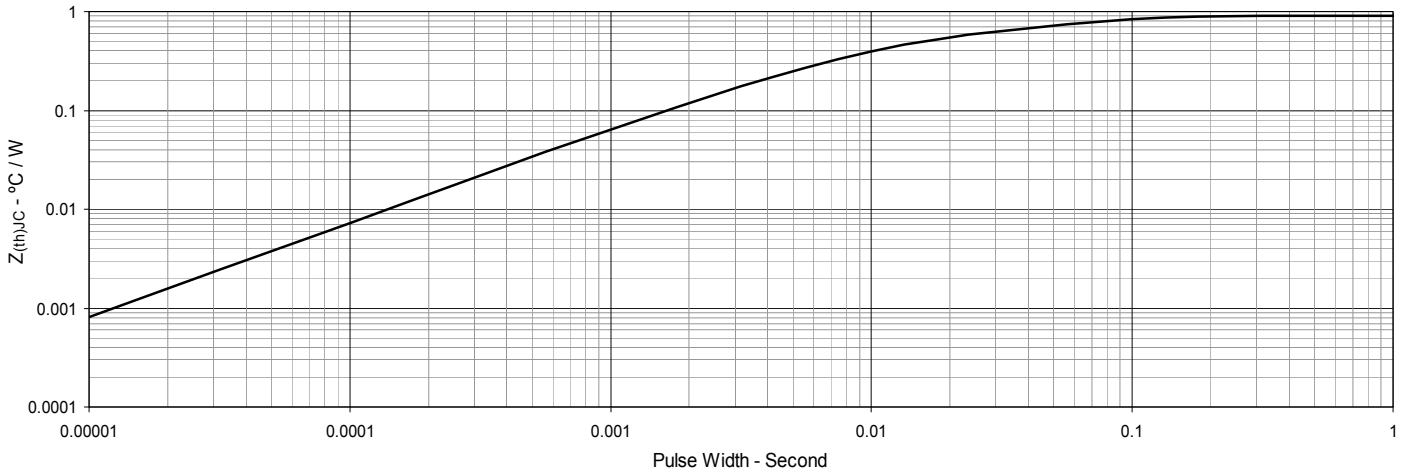
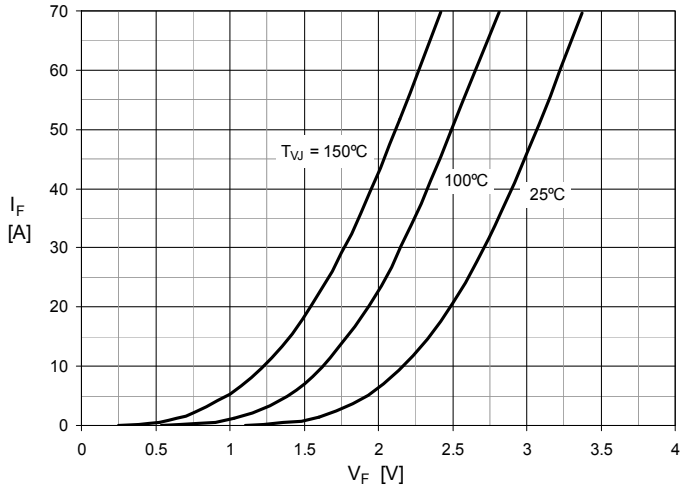
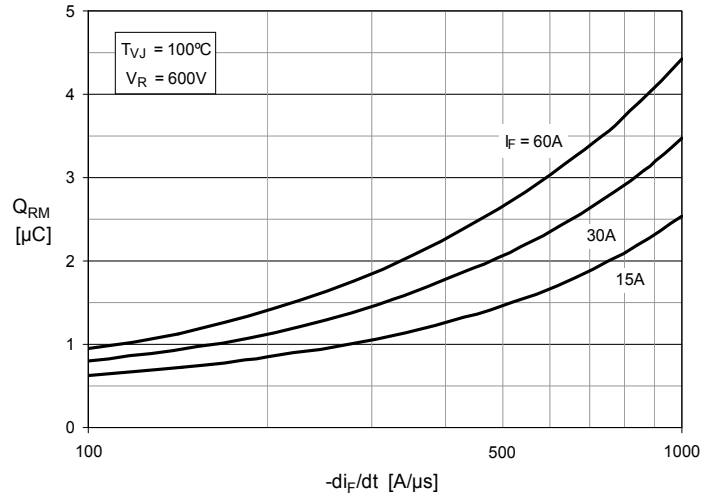
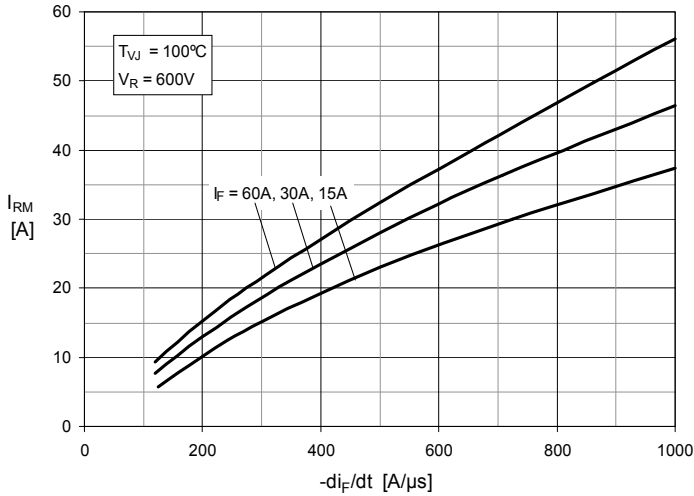
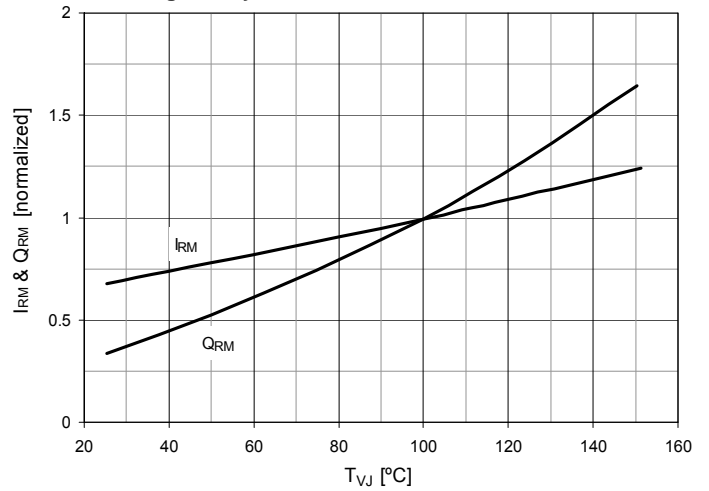
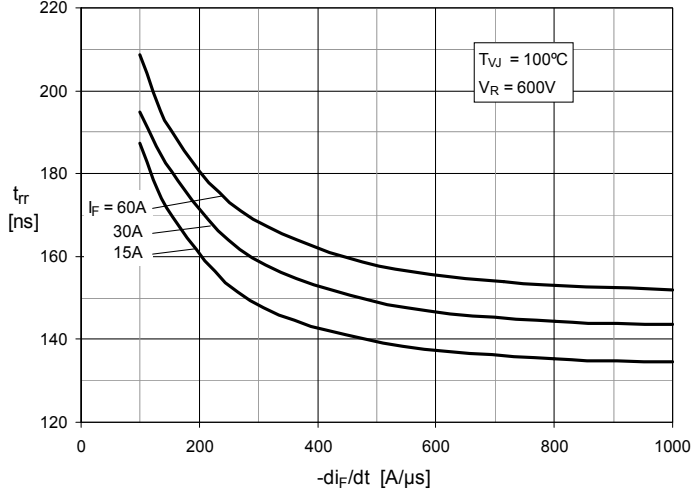
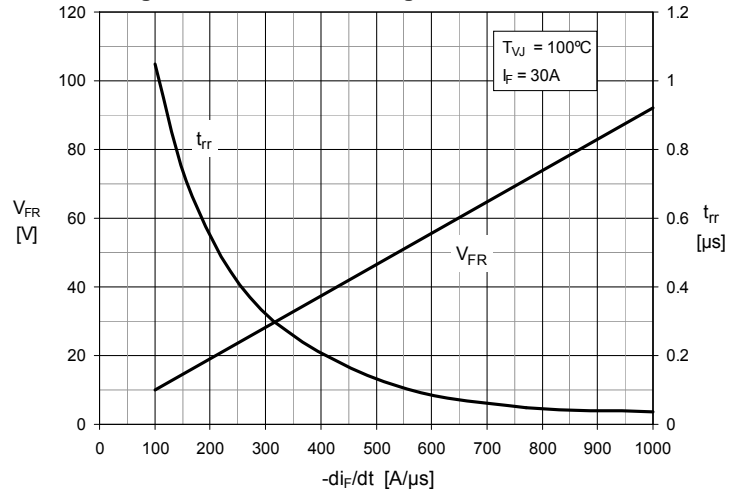


Fig. 23. Forward Current I_F vs V_F

Fig. 24. Reverse Recovery Charge Q_{RM} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 25. Peak Reverse Current I_{RM} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 26. Dynamic Parameters Q_{RM} , I_{RM} vs. T_{VJ}

Fig. 27. Recovery Time t_{rr} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 28. Peak Forward Voltage V_{FR} , t_{rr} vs $-di_F/dt$




Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.