

- Designed for 916.5 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Surface-mount Ceramic Case
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Tape and Reel Standard per ANSI/EIA-481
- Moisture Sensitivity Level: 1
- AEC-Q200 Qualified

The RO3144A is a one-port surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator packaged in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 916.5 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation	0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature, 10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum	260	°C

916.5 MHz SAW Resonator

RO3144A-2

RoHS

Compliant

SM5035-4

Electrical Characteristics

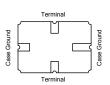
Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency, +25 °C	RO3144A			916.300		916.700	
	RO3144A-1	f _C		916.350		916.650	MHz
	RO3144A-2			916.400		916.600	
Tolerance from 916.5 MHz	RO3144A					±200	
	RO3144A-1	Δf_{C}				±150	kHz
	RO3144A-2					±100	
Insertion Loss		IL			1.2	2.5	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U			6600		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	QL			750		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	Т _О		10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	fA			<±10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance be	tween Any Two Terminals			1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M			13.1		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			15		μH
	Motional Capacitance	CM			2.1		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co			2.09		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductanc	e	L _{TEST}			14.5		nH
Lid Symbolization				RO3144	A-2, <u>YYWWS</u>	•	

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

- 1. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
- 2. US or International patents may apply.
- 3. RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

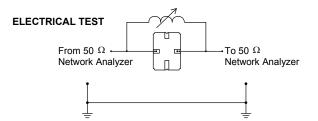
Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

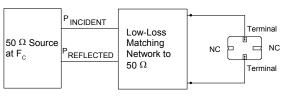


Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_O, at F_C.



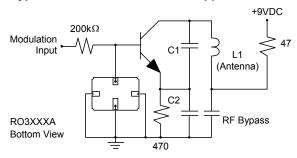
POWER TEST



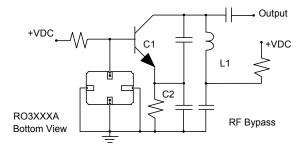
PINCIDENT - P REFLECTED CW RF Power Dissipation =

Typical Application Circuits

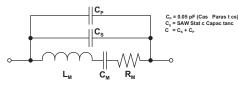
Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



Typical Local Oscillator Applications



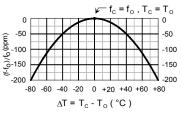
Equivalent RLC Model



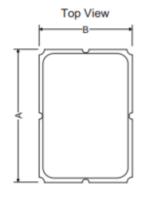
С

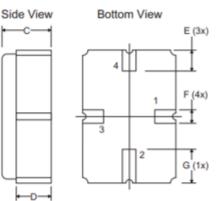
Temperature Characteristics

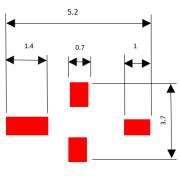
The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



Case







PCB Footprint

Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
Dimensions	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	4.87	5.00	5.13	0.191	0.196	0.201
В	3.37	3.50	3.63	0.132	0.137	0.142
С	1.45	1.53	1.60	0.057	0.060	0.062
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	0.040	0.057	0.059
E	0.67	0.80	0.93	0.026	0.031	0.036
F	0.37	0.50	0.63	0.014	0.019	0.024
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	0.042	0.047	0.052

Recommended Reflow Profile

- 1. Preheating shall be fixed at 150~180°C for 60~90 seconds.
- 2. Ascending time to preheating temperature 150°C shall be 30 seconds min.
- 3. Heating shall be fixed at 220°C for 50~80 seconds and at 260°C +0/-5°C peak (10 seconds).
- 4. Time: 5 times maximum.

